

Coversheet for Network Site Specific Group Agreed Documentation

This sheet is to accompany all documentation agreed by Pan Birmingham Cancer Network Site Specific Groups. This will assist the Network Governance Committee to endorse the documentation and request implementation.

Document Title	Guidelines for the Management of Neck Lumps
Document Date	March 2010
Document Purpose	This guidance has been produced to support the following: • The management of patients presenting with a neck lump
Authors	Head and Neck Network Site Specific Group Revised by Sat Parmar
References	www.birminghamcancer.nhs.uk
Consultation Process	Consultation was via the Head and Neck Network Site Specific Group, the Haematology Network Site Specific Group, the Oncologists Group and the authors
Review Date (must be within three years)	March 2013
Approval Signatures: Network Site Specific Group Clinical Chair	Mu
Date Approved by Networ	k Governance Committee 17/03/2010



Guidelines for the Management of Adults with Neck Lumps

Version History

Version	Date Issued	Brief Summary of Change				
0.1	11.10.08	Tabled at Head and Neck Network Site Specific Group				
0.2	12.10.08	Following NSSG meeting				
0.3	10.03.08	Tabled at Head and Neck NSSG				
0.4		Following consultation: with JG Comments				
0.5	15.04.08	Following NSSG comments went to Head and Neck NSSG on 10 th March				
0.6	29.04.08	Following revision by Mr Sat Parmer. For consultation with Matthew Lumley, Paul Pracy, Fiona Clark and Mark Wake.				
0.7	06.05.08	With comments from above consultation				
0.8	02.06.08	For consultation for final ratification with the Head and Neck and Haematology NSSG's and the Oncologists.				
0.9	04.06.08	Following consultation with Oncologists and the NSSGs for Head and Neck and Haematology. Changes made and document re-circulated to those who made comments (Sue Frost, 'Rudzki Zbigniew' 'Peter Guest'; John Glaholm, Gary Walton, Mark Wake, Sat Parmer, Fiona Clarke).				
0.10	11.06.08	Changes following above circulation. To Pathology NSSG for consultation.				
0.11	17.06.08	With additional comment from Dr. Zbigniew Rudzki. For recirculation for final ratification with the Head and Neck and Haematology NSSG's and the Oncologists. Re circulated as there have been a number of amendments.				
0.12	23. 06.08	Following consultation with Dr. Sat Parmer. For agreement with Dr. Zbigniew Rudzki. Following agreement with Dr. Zbigniew Rudzki for information to the NSSG and for submission to Clinical Governance.				
0.13	22.02.10	Following Consultation with, and approval by, ZR				
1	17.03.10	Endorsed by the guidelines review sub group of the Governance Committee.				

1. Scope of the Guideline

This guidance has been produced to support the management of patients presenting with a neck lump.

2. Guideline Background

Patients presenting with neck lumps require rapid assessment to determine the most likely cause. Haematological diseases require a different set of investigations than those for other head and neck conditions.

To prevent delay in diagnosis some simple blood tests and imaging should be carried out at the first consultation.

3. Guideline Statements

- 3.1 Patients presenting with a neck lump should be referred to a designated neck lump clinic.
- 3.2 Patients with a neck lump and the following symptoms should be referred urgently:
 - a. Lymph nodes increasing in size.
 - b. Lymph nodes greater than 2 cm in size.
 - c. Widespread lymphadenopathy (refer directly to haematology).
 - d. The presence of 'B' symptoms; drenching night sweats, generalised itching, weight loss, fever (**refer directly to haematology**).
 - e. Neck lump present for more than 3 weeks that has changed.
 - f. Neck lump present for 6 weeks or more.
- 3.3 Patients presenting in line with the urgent referral guidelines (Appendices 1 and 2) should be seen within 2 weeks.
- 3.4 Patients referred to their local neck lump clinic should follow the pathway described below in appendix three.
- 3.5 Any patients with features highly suspicious for lymphoma or a haematological malignancy (young adult, generalised lymphadenopathy, splenomegaly, abnormal FBC, lymphocytosis, pruritis, 'B' symptoms: night sweats, weight loss, fever) should proceed directly to open excision lymph node biopsy and be discussed with a Haematologist or Medical Oncologist. They should not undergo FNA as first investigation, as review of results for this may lead to significant delay in diagnosis.
- 3.6 FNA must not delay the diagnosis of widespread lymphadenopathy.
- 3.7 FNA samples should ideally undergo same day reporting. Peer review standard 1D-112 states "the neck lump clinic should offer reporting of FNA samples on the same day as their having being taken".

Monitoring of the Guideline

Implementation of the guidance will be considered as a topic for audit by the NSSG in 2010/2011.

References

1. <u>www.birminghamcancer.nhs.uk</u>

Authors

Sat Parmar Head and Neck NSSG

Approval Date of Network Site Specific Group:

Date: 17/03/10

Date: 17/03/10

Date: 17/03/10

Approval Signatures

Pan Birmingham Cancer Network Governance Committee Chair

Name: Doug Wulff

Signature: Date: June 2010

Network Site Specific Group Clinical Chair

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Name: Sat Parmar

Signature: Date: June 2010

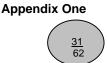
Pan Birmingham Cancer Network Manager

Name: Karen Metcalf

Signature: Date: June 2010



Pan-Birmingham Cancer Network



URGENT REFERRAL FOR SUSPECTED HEAD & NECK CANCER (Version 2.0)

If you wish to include an accompanying letter, please do so. On completion please FAX to the number below.

These forms should only be used for suspected cancer and in conjunction with the NICE Referral Guidelines for Suspected Cancer, June 2005

Patient Details	Details GP Details (inc Fax Number)				
Surname					
Forename					
D.O.B. Gender					
Address					
Postcode					
Telephone		Fax No:			
NHS No		Date of Decision to Refer			
Hospital No		Date of Referral			
Interpreter? Y/N First Lan	guage:	GP Signature	9		
Symptoms: (Check as appropriate)			-		
Hoarseness > 3 weeks		Unexpla	ined persistent sore throat		
Stridor			sive mouth, throat ulceration		
Swelling in parotid / submandibular gland	L	Persiste	nt oral swelling/ulceration (>3 weeks)		
Persistent red and white patches of the ora	al mucosa		al, unexplained pain in head and neck > 4 weeks,		
(painful/swollen/bleeding)		_ associa	ted with Otalgia & normal otoscopy		
Unexplained tooth mobility > 3 weeks					
Risk Factors:				_	
Smoker		Unintentional	weight loss >3kg in 6/52		
Alcohol		Previous hea	d & neck, lung or oesophageal tumour		
Other:					
Clinical Examination:					
-		Thuma	d lump with a principle factures		
Lump in neck, recent, or previously undiagnosed that has changed over a peri-	nd 🗔	Thyroid lump with suspicious features			
of 3 to 6 weeks	<u> </u>	Oropharynx ulceration / tumour			
			I mass / proptosis		
Cranial nerve palsy	Ц	Other	!		
Cancer Area Suspected:	_			_	
Larynx		Pharynx			
Mouth	H	Neck Thyroid Gland			
Salivary Glands Clinical Details: History/Examination/Inves	tigations				
Medication					
For Hospital Use					
Appointment Date	С	linic Attending			
Was the referral appropriate Yes No	(if no pleas	e give reason)			
HEAD	& NECK CLIN	ICS WITH RAPID	ACCESS FACILITIES		
Hospital	Tel		Fax		
City	0121 507 580		0121 507 5075		
Dental Hospital	0121 237 2730		0121 237 2750		
Good Hope Heart of England	0121 424 7476 0121 424 5000		0121 424 7376 0121 424 5001		
Queen Elizabeth (UHBFT)	0121 424 500		0121 424 5001		
Sandwell			0121 400 3000		
		2 ext 6876 or	01922 656773		
	7227				







URGENT REFERRAL FOR SUSPECTED HAEMATOLOGY CANCER

If you wish to include an accompanying letter, please do so. On completion please FAX to the number below. (Version 2.0)

These forms should only be used for suspected cancer and in conjunction with the NICE Referral Guidelines for Suspected Cancer, June 2005

Patient Details		GP Details	s (inc Fax Number)	
Surname				
Forename				
D.O.B. Ge	ender			
Address	Sildoi			
Address				
		F. N.		
Postcode		Fax No:		
Telephone				
NHS No		Date of Decision to	Refer	
Hospital No		Date of Referral		
Interpreter?		GP Signature		
V/N First Lawrence		or orginature		
Relevant information: (Check as a	appropriate)			
Symptoms/Signs: _		_		_
	nching night sweats		ever	님
<u> </u>	eralised itching athlessness		ecurrent infections rmphadenopathy	片
	hol-induced pain		ersistent unexplained	
John Cam	nor madoca pam		lenomegaly	
Additional Lymphadenopathy Features:				
Lymph nodes increasing in size		mph nodes greater th	nan two cm in size	片
Persistence for six weeks or more Associated splenomegaly, night sweats or	₩ W	idespread nature		
weight loss				
Investigations:	Ful	II Blood Count		
ESR	Clotting screen			
Blood film	Cic	oung screen		
	Liv	er/Bone profile		
X-ray				
Lines 9 Floring to a	lmı	munoglobulin/parapro	tein	
Urea & Electrolytes				
Clinical Details:	l l			
History/Examination/Investigations				
Medication				
For Hospital Use				
Appointment Date	Clinic Attendir	ng		
Was the referral appropriate Yes	No (if no please of	give reason)		
		·	NI ITIFO	
Hospital	OLOGY CLINICS WITH	KAPID ACCESS FAC	Fax	
City	0121 507 5805		0121 507 5075	
Good Hope	0121 424 7476		0121 424 7376	
Heartlands and Solihull	0121 424 5000		0121 424 5001	
Queen Elizabeth (UHBFT)	0121 627 2485		0121 460 5800	
Sandwell	0121 507 3834		0121 507 3723	
Walsall Manor	01922 721172 ext 687	'6 or 7227	01922 656773	

NB

- 1. Presence of stridor warrants immediate admission.
- 2. Where clinical suspicion of malignancy is high patient should be listed for endoscopy and lymph node biopsy (in cases of suspected lymphoma) at the time of initial consultation.

