

Guideline for 24 Hour Telephone Advice for Patients Receiving Anti- Cancer Treatment

Date Approved by Network Governance	June 2012
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Changes between versions 1 and 2

Telephone numbers have been updated (see appendix 1) UK Oncology Nursing Society (UKONS) Oncology/Haematology 24 Hour Triage Protocol added (see appendix 2)

1 Scope of the guideline

This guidance has been produced to set out the minimum specification for the 24 hour telephone advice service for patients undergoing chemotherapy across the Pan Birmingham Cancer Network.

2 Guideline background

- 2.1 Chemotherapy for the Pan Birmingham Cancer Network is provided at six separate hospitals. Treatment with chemotherapy can result in toxic side effects, some of which may be life threatening. It is essential that these side effects are diagnosed and managed quickly by appropriately trained staff. For this reason all patients receiving chemotherapy across the Pan Birmingham Cancer Network should be given a 24 hour telephone number to use if they experience severe side effects from chemotherapy or have symptoms suggestive of neutropenia sepsis. This number will depend on the Trust at which their treatment has taken place.
- 2.2 The Manual of Cancer Services (2004) recognises this by stating that the Clinical Chemotherapy Service should agree the minimum service specification within the network chemotherapy group and should specify in particular:
 - o the contact number(s) they will use.
 - o the specified staff they will provide and for which parts of the 24-hour rota.
 - o their locally applicable policy for instructions to patients and carers.
 - o the level of training or professional qualifications necessary for those staff on the rota

Guideline statements

3 All patients

- 3.1 All chemotherapy services within the Pan Birmingham Cancer Network use the UK Oncology Nursing Society (UKONS) Oncology/Haematology 24 Hour Triage Protocol (see appendix 2).
- 3.2 Chemotherapy patients should have access to 24 hour support and advice.
- 3.3 It is the responsibility of the chemotherapy nurse to provide each chemotherapy patient/carer with:
 - a. Information about what signs and symptoms to look out for / report
 - b. the 24-hour contact number for advice should those signs occur
- 3.4 This information should be written and provided on their first contact with the chemotherapy nurse.
- 3.5 See appendix one for details of the 24hour service providers across the Network.
- 3.6 At all times patients will be able to speak to medical / nursing staff that are skilled and knowledgeable in the management of patients receiving

chemotherapy and will be able to refer / liaise with senior oncology practitioner as necessary and appropriate.

4 Training

All staff on the rota should be familiar with and have access to neutropenia policies will be kept in accident & emergency departments/medical assessment units and/or individual Trust intranet sites.

5 Documentation

- 5.1 All calls taken should be documented and recorded in individual patient records or individual Trust telephone recording log sheet.
- 5.2 The following information should be recorded as a minimum:
 - a. Patient details
 - b. Staff member details
 - c. Patient contact number
 - d. Reason for call
 - e. Advice given
 - f. Follow up action

Monitoring of the Guideline

Adherence to the Network guidelines may from time to time be formally monitored.

References

Manual of Cancer Services. (2004) DH Publications, London.

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Approval Signatures

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Appendix 1

24 Hour advice telephone numbers in current use

Pan Birmingham Cancer Network Policy for Instructions to Patients and Carers

University Hospital Birmingham NHS Trust				
	Monday – Friday 9.00 - 5.00	Out of Hours		
Oncology / Haematology single point of contact	07789651543	07789651543		
	Heart of England NHS Trus	t		
Monday – Friday 9.00 - 3.00 Out of Hours				
Dr Thompson's patients	Ward 19 Chemotherapy Day Unit, Heartlands Hospital - 0121 424 3481	Ward 19 (Oncology Ward) Birmingham Heartlands Hospital- 0121 424 2219		
Dr Geh /Dr Fernando/Dr Zarkar patients	Ward 19 Chemotherapy Day Unit, Heartlands Hospital - 0121 424 3481	University Hospital Birmingham - 0121 627 2000 on-call Oncology Registrar after 5pm		
Haematology Patients	Ward 19 (Haematology Ward) Birmingham Heartlands Hospital - 0121 424 0219			
	Cood Hone Hoowitel			
	Good Hope Hospital	Out of Hours		
Oncology Deticate	Monday – Friday 9.00 - 3.00			
Oncology Patients and Haematology patients	0121 378 6024	Telephone triage number 0121 424 2000 bleep 2877		

Walsall Manor Hospital				
	Monday – Friday 9.00 - 5.00	Out of Hours		
Oncology Patients	Direct lines: 01922 656540	University Hospital Birmingham 0121 627 2000 ask for Registrar on call for oncology		
Haematology Patients	Direct line: 01922 656540	Ward 15 01922 721172 ext 6709 On call Haematologist contacted if advice required		
Community Oncology Patients	Direct Line; 01922 604633 Nicola Robottom 07825780953 Jo-Ann Beech 07825780943 Rose Faulkner 07826917828	University Hospital Birmingham 0121 627 2000 ask for Registrar on call for oncology		
	0'411'4-1			
	City Hospital	Out of House		
Oncology Patients	Monday – Friday 9.00 - 5.00 Birmingham Treatment Centre	Out of Hours University Hospital		
Oncology Patients	Oncology 0121 507 5130	Birmingham 0121 627 2000 ask for Registrar on call for oncology		
Haematology	Walkden Unit Day Room	Walkden Unit / Newton 5		
Patients	0121 607 3533 or directly	0121 607 3314		
Sandwell Hospital				
	Monday – Friday 9.00 - 5.00	Out of Hours		
Oncology Patients	07976499140 (24 hour nurse access)	07976499140 (24 hour nurse access)		
Haematology	07976499140 (24 hour nurse	07976499140 (24 hour		
Patients	access)	nurse access)		

TRIAGE LOG SHEET 1

Hospital Name / Dept:		Log Sheet No.
Patient Details	Patient History	Enquiry Details
Name:	Diagnosis:	Date Time
Hospital no		
DOB	Male \square Female \square	Contact no
Tel no	Consultant	Drop in Yes No
Reason for call (in patients own words)		
State regimen		of a clinical trial Yes No
Advise Follow up Review Assess Remember: two ambers equal red!	Please document significa	nt medical history/medication
Fever (and receiving chemo)	•	
Chest Pain Performance Status		
Nausea	Actio	on Taken
Vomiting	Activ	on raken
Oral/stomatitis Diarrhoea		
Constipation		
Fever (not receiving chemo)		
Infection		
Palmer - planter syndrome		
Fatigue Anorexia		
Dyspnoea/shortness of breath		
Rash		
Neurosensory/motor		
Bleeding Pain	<u> </u>	
Bruising		
Extravasation		
Other (please state)	l	
Triage practitioner	5	5
	Designation	Date / /
Follow Up Action Taken:		
Consultants team contacted Yes	□ No □ Date / /	
Signature Print	Designation	Date / / Time:

ONCOLOGY/HAEMATOLOGY HELPLINE

TRIAGE TOOL

	•	RADE 👃 GF	RADE 👃 GF		GRADE
↓ TOXICITY ↓	✓ 0	✓ 1	2	% 3	3 4
ever and receiving cytotoxic chemotherapy or immunocompromised					IEW – Follow neutropenia pathw fection (If in doubt do a count
Chest pain Onset? What makes it worse? Radiation? Any cardiac history STOP CAPECITABINE or INFUSIONAL SFU	None	Advise URGENT A&E for modical assessment			
Performance Status Has there been a recent change in performance status?	Asymptomatic	Symptomatic but completely ambulant	Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day	Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bed bound	Bed bound
Nausea How many days? What is the patient's oral intake? Is the patient taking antiemetric as prescribed? Assess patients urinary output	None	Able to eat/drink reasonable intake Review anti emetics as prescribed	Can eat/drink but intake significantly decreased Review anti emetics according to local policy	No significant intake Arrange urgent assessment and review	
Vorniting How many dayslepisodes? What is the patient's oral intake? Does the patient have constipation or diarrhoea? See specific toxicity) Sees specific toxicity	None	1 episode in 24 hours Review anti emetics as prescribed	2-5 episodes in 24 hours Review anti emetics according to local policy	6-10 episodes in 24 hours Arrange urgent assessment and review	>10 episodes in 24 hours Arrange urgent assessment and review
Oral/stomatitis How many days? Is there evidence of mouth ulcers? Is there evidence of infection? Ire they able to eat/drink? Assess patients urinary output	None	Painless ulcers, erythema, mild soreness able to eat/drink Use mouthwash as recommended	Painful erythema, cedema or ulcers but can eat/drink Continue to use mouthwash, drink plenty of fluids. Use painkillers either as a tablet or mouthwash	Painful erythema difficulty with eating and drinking Arrange urgent assessment and review	Mucosal necrosis and/or requires parenteral or enteral support Arrange urgent assessment and review
Diarrhoea Consider infection! How many days has this occurred for? How many days has this occurred for? How many times in a 28hr period? Does the patient have any abdominal pain/discomfort? For how long? Has the patient taken any medication? See specific toxicity for pain N.B. If taking CAPECITABINE chemotherapy, follow specific pathway	None	Increase to 2-3 bowel movements a day over pre-treatment movements Drink more fluids Obtain stool semple 7 consider regimen specific antidiarrhoeal	Increase 4-6 episodes a day or nocturnal movement/ moderate cramping Drink plenty of fluids Obtain stool sample ? consider regimen specific antidiarrhoeal	Increase to 7-9 episodes a day or incontinence Sewere cramping Arrange urgenit assessment and review	Increase to >10 episodes a day or grossly bloody distributes or need for parenteral support Arrange urgent assessment and review
Constipation How long since bowels opened? What is normal? Does the patient have any abdominal pain/vomiting? Has the patient taken any medication?	None	Mild – no bowel movement in last 24 hours Dietory advice, increase fluid intake, review supportive medication	Moderate – no bowel movement in last 48 hours If associated with pain/ somiting move to red Review fluid and dietary intak Recommend laxative	Severe - no bowel movement in last 72 hours Arrange Urgent assessment and review	Paralytic ileum >96 hours Arrange urgent assessment and review
Fever NOT receiving chemotherapy	Normal	n/a	>37.5°C - 38°C Check in 1 hr and contact again If still pyrexial – see red	>38-40°C Arrange Urgent assessment and review	>40°C Arrange urgent assessment and review
Infection If pyrexial see fever toxicity Has the patient taken their temperature? - When? Has the patient experienced any shivering, chills or haking episodes?	None	Generally well	Generally unwell Arrange review	Severe symptomatic infection Arrange Urgent assessment and review	Life threatening sepsis Arrange urgent assessment and review
Palmar - plantar syndrome N.B. If taking CAPECITABINE chemotherapy follow pecific pathway	None	Numbness, tingling, painless erythema and swelling Advise patient to rest hands and feet. Use emolient cream	Painful erythema and swelling ? Amange review – (may require dose reduction or defer treatment). Advise analgesia	Moist desquamation, ulceration, blistering and severe pain Arrange review – (may require dose reduction or defer treatment) Advise analgesia	
Fatigue How many day has this occurred for? Any other associated symptoms?	None	Increased fatigue but not altering normal activities Rest accompanied with intermittent mild activity	Moderate or causing difficulty performing some activities ? Arrange review	Severe or loss of ability to per form some activities Arrange review	Bedridden or disabling Arrange urgent assessment and review
Anorexia What was their weight before? What is appetite like? Any contributory factors e.g. dehydration, diarrhoea, womiting, muocaitis, and nausea? -link to specific toxicity	None	Loss of appetite without alteration in eating habits Dietary advice	Oral intake altered without significant weight loss or malnutrition: 7 Arrange review	Oral intake altered in association with significant weight loss/malnutrition Arrange urgent assessment and review	Life threatening complications e.g. collapse Arrange urgent assessment and review
Dysprioea/shortness of breath s it a new symptom? It dysprioes worsening? s there any chest pain?—link to specific toxicity low long for? What can the patient do? (? alteration in PS) CONSIDER SYCO/ANAEMIA/PULMONARY EMBOLISM	None	No new symptoms	Dyspnoea on exertion 7 Arrange review	Dysproce at normal level of activity Will need urgent assessment and review	ventilatory support
Rash s it localised or generalised? How long has it been there? Any signs of infection? Is it inthy? ALBEMATOLOF FOLLOW LOCAL GUIDANCE	None	Macular or papular eruption o erythema without associated symptoms Localised rash, otherwise well	Macular or papular eruption or erythema with pruritis or other associated symptoms Arrange review	Symptomatic unwell Arrange urgent assessment and review	Symptomatic unwell Arrange urgent assessment and review
Neurosensory/motor When did the problem start? Is it continuous? is it getting worse? Is it affecting mobility/function? any constipation or urinary incontinence? consider Spinal Cord Compression	None	Mild parasthesia, subjective weakness; no objective findings Monitor and contact immediately if deteriorates	Mild or moderate sensory loss moderate parasthesia, mild weakness with no loss of function Immediate contect if deteriorate Arrange review	Severe sensory loss, paraethesia or weakness that interferes with function Arrange urgent assessment and review	
Sleeding is a new problem? Is it continuous? What amount? Where from? Is the patient on anticoagulants? HAEMATOLOGY FOLLOW LOCAL POLICY	None	Mild, self limited controlled by conservative measures	Gross 1-2 units Urgent assessment to A&E	Gross 3-4 units per episode Urgent assessment to A&E	Massive :- 4 units per episod Urgent assessment to A&E
Pain s it a new? Where is it? How long have you had it? Jave you taken any analgesia? Consider thrombosis. ?any swelling/redness	None	Mild pain Not interfering with function Advisediscuss analgesia	Has pain Pain or analgesis interfering with function, but not ADL Arrange review	Severe pain Pain or Analgesia interfering with ADL Arrange urgent assessment and review	Severe pain, disabling! Arrange urgent assessment and review
Bru ising s it a new problem? Is it local/generalised? s there any trauma involved?	None	Petechia/bruising, localised Arrange review	Moderate petechia/purpura Generalised bruising Arrange urgent assessment and review	Generalised petechia/purpur Arrange urgent assessment and review	
Extravasation Any problems immediately after administration? When did the problem start? Is the problem around the injection site? Is the patient got a central venous catheter? Explain the reaction?		Non vesicant Review next day		Vesicant Arrange urgent assessment and review	





